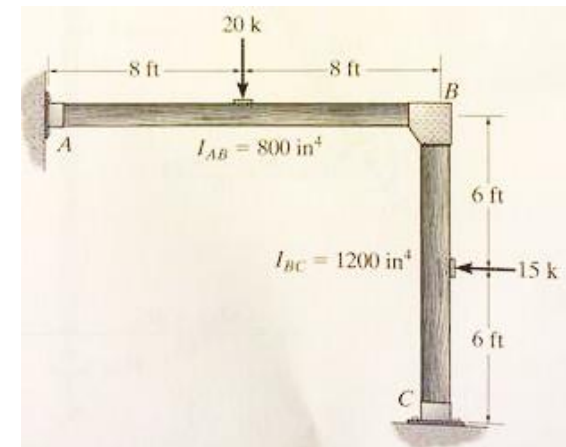
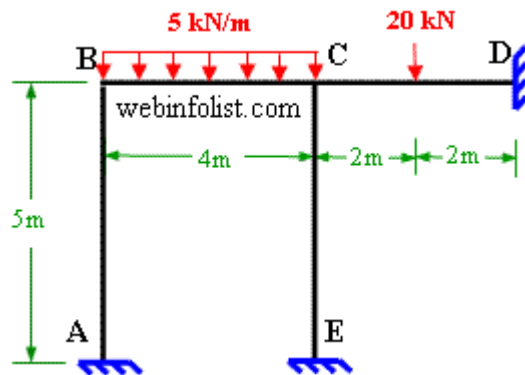


SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames-Non Sway

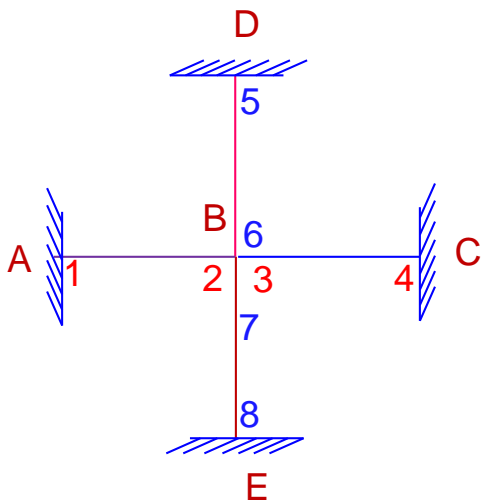
- In frames there are two cases possible when there is no-sway and when there will be sway.
- In non sway frames, the horizontal movement of the frames is restrained with the help of adequate supports as shown in the following figures.



SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames-Non Sway

- The analysis of non sway frames is similar to the analysis of beams except at a joint there will be more than one moments as shown below.



At Joint “B” we can
write

$$M_2 + M_3 + M_6 + M_7 = 0$$

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Sway

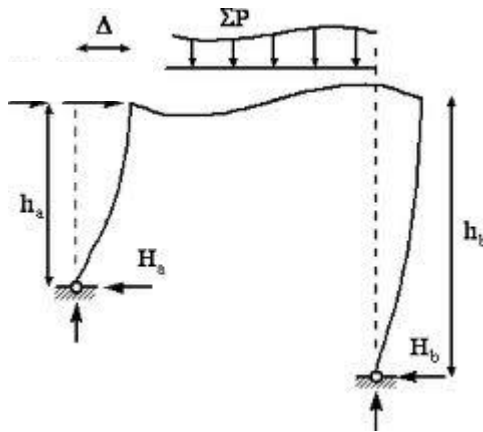
- Sway in the frames exists under wind or earthquake loading generally as shown below.



SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Sway

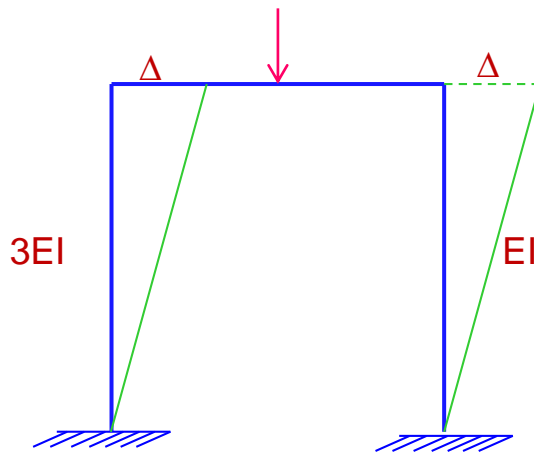
- Sway in frames also exists if no horizontal load is applied under following conditions.
 - When height of columns are different and only gravity loading is applied.



SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Sway

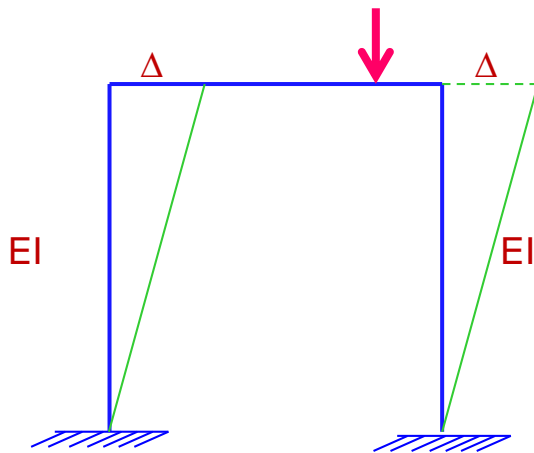
- When height of the columns are same but MOI or rigidity is different for two columns.



SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Sway

- When heavy loads are concentrated to one side only or un-symmetrical loading.



SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

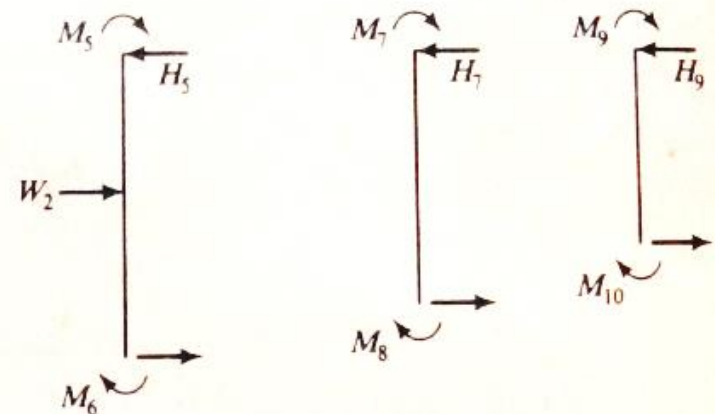
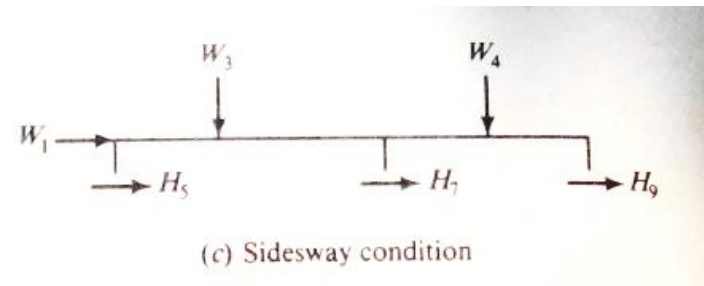
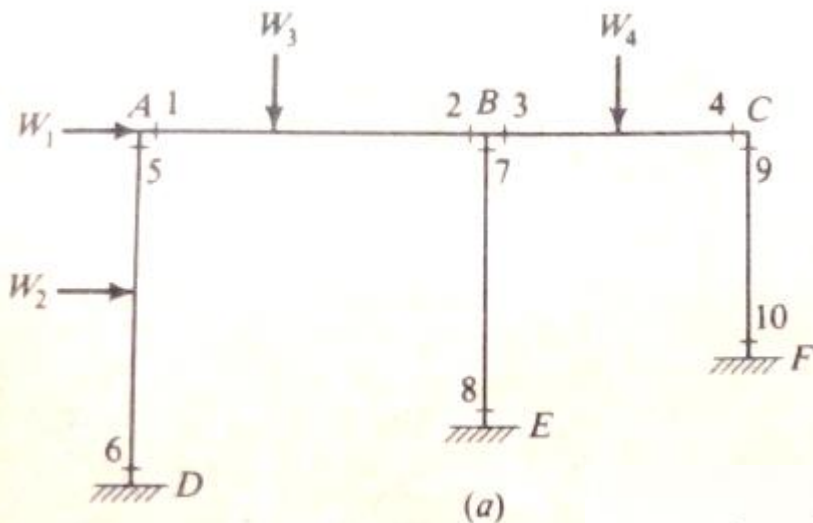
Frames- Sway

- In sway frame, lateral displacement is extra unknown which needs the additional condition for its solution.
- The additional condition obtained from the lateral deflection is called the shear condition.
- Our next discussion will be on the shear condition on the sway frames.

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Sway (Shear Condition)

- Consider the Figure as shown below.

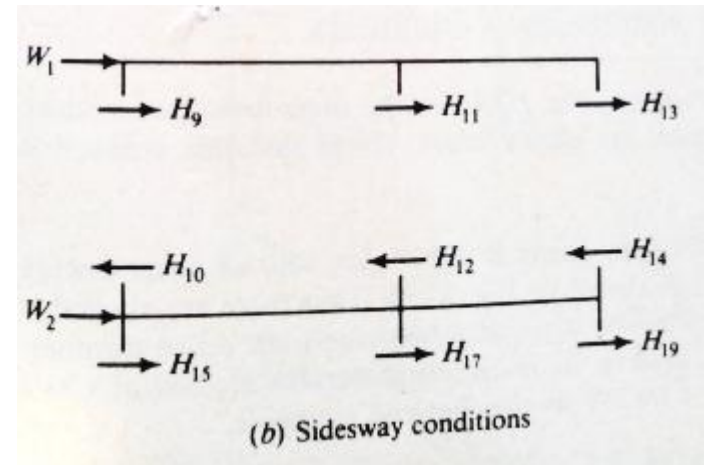
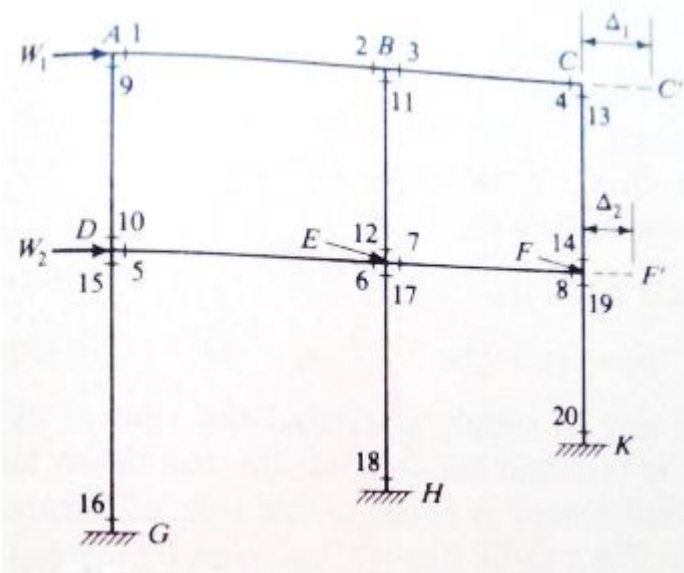


Shear Condition
 $H_5 + H_7 + H_9 + W_1 = 0$

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Sway (Shear Condition)-Two storey case

- Consider the Figure as shown below.



Shear Condition-(Upper Storey)

$$H_9 + H_{11} + H_{13} + W_1 = 0$$

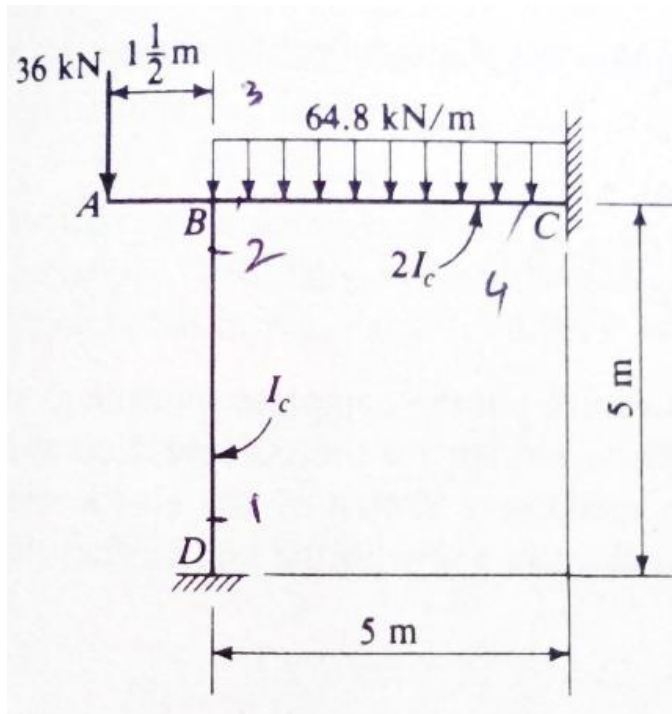
Shear Condition for Lower Storey

$$H_{15} + H_{17} + H_{19} - H_{10} - H_{12} - H_{14} + W_2 = 0$$

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Non-Sway Problem-1

- Analyze the frame using SDM also draw SF and BMD's.

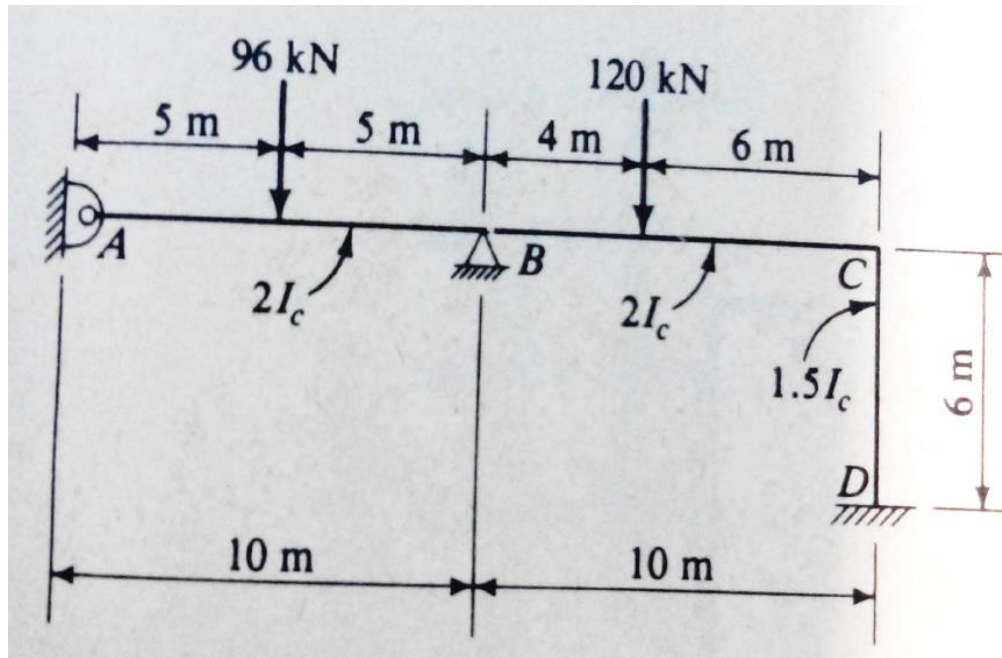


$$\begin{aligned}EI\theta_B &= 33.75 \\M_1 &= +13.5 \text{ kN-m} \\M_2 &= +27 \text{ kN-m} \\M_3 &= -81 \text{ kN-m} \\M_4 &= +162 \text{ kN-m}\end{aligned}$$

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Non-Sway Problem-2

- Analyze the frame using SDM also draw SF and BMD's.



$$EI\theta_A = -67.12$$

$$EI\theta_B = 14.03$$

$$EI\theta_C = 142.98$$

$$M_2 = +188.42 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_3 = -188.42 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_4 = +67.12 \text{ kN-m}$$

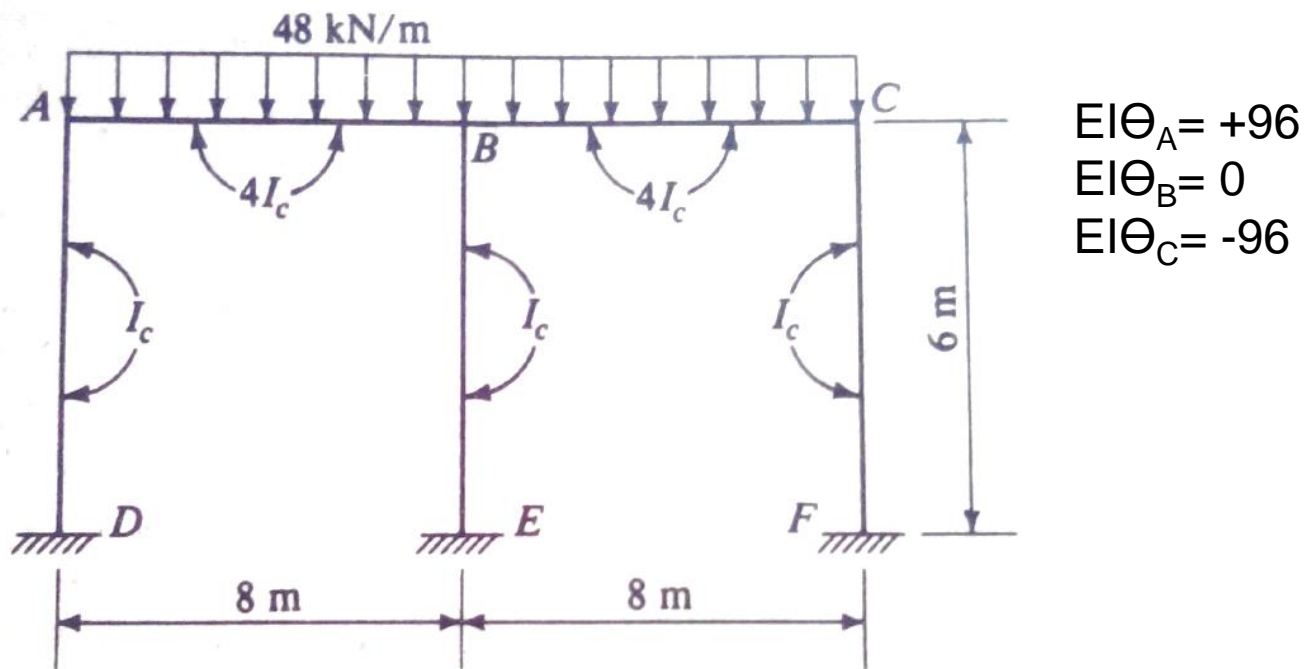
$$M_5 = -67.12 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$M_6 = -33.56 \text{ kN-m}$$

SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames- Non-Sway Problem-3

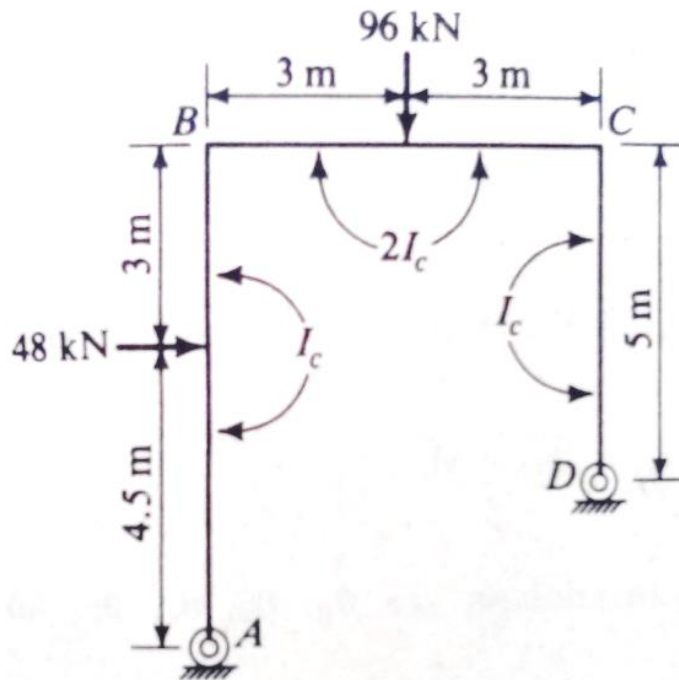
- Analyze the frame using SDM also draw SF and BMD's.



SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD

Frames-Sway Problem-1

- Analyze the frame using SDM also draw SF and BMD's.



$$EI\theta_A = +336.42$$

$$EI\theta_B = 29.82$$

$$EI\theta_C = 41.40$$

$$EI\theta_D = 409.12$$

$$EI\Delta = 1432.7$$