



WELCOME TO
THE MATRIX!!!!!!

BY DR. ALI AHMED

WHAT IS MATRIX

“A matrix is a collection of numbers arranged into a fixed number of rows and columns”

MATRIX **INPUT**

Storage place → Variables

Basic Types of variables in MATLAB?

MATRIX INPUT

Matrices can be stored by;

- Direct input
- By using a loop
- By reading from a file

MATRIX INPUT DIRECT TECH.

Basic input technique:

Variable = input ('message');

*message cosmetics???

Try:

```
a = [ 1 2 3 4 5; 2 3 4 5 6; 3 4 5 6 7; 4 5 6 7 8];  
disp(a)
```

MATRIX INPUT

BY USING LOOP

For Loop Syntax;

```
for i = 1:5
```

```
    {code} → This code runs 5 times
```

```
end
```

MATRIX INPUT

BY USING LOOP

Try;

```
clear all
```

```
for i = 1:3;
```

```
    for j = 1:3;
```

```
        mat(i,j) = input(['Value ( ',num2str(i),' , ',num2str(j),' ) = ']);
```

```
    end
```

```
end
```

```
disp(mat);
```

MATRIX INPUT

READ FROM FILE

IMP: There are a no. of functions to take input from a file.

>> fscanf <<

fscanf(fileID,formatSpec,sizeA)

Name of the
file

Size of the data to read
n INF – Read to end (n is
columns for numeric data)

Format of the data
%d – base 10
%f – floating point no.s
%s – string values

MATRIX INPUT

READ FROM FILE

Try;

```
x = 1:1:5;  
y = [x;rand(1,5)];  
fileID = fopen('nums2.txt','w');  
fprintf(fileID,'%d %4.4f\n',y);  
fclose(fileID);
```

MATRIX INPUT

READ FROM FILE

Now Try this;

```
fileID = fopen('nums2.txt','r');  
formatSpec = '%d %f';  
sizeA = [2 Inf];  
A = fscanf(fileID,formatSpec,sizeA)  
fclose(fileID);  
A = A'
```

MATRIX

REFERENCING

To read a particular value;

`Matrix-name(i,j)`

To read a row or column value;

`var = mat(:,m)` or `var = mat(n,:)`

MATRIX

REFERENCING

To multiple column value;

```
var = mat(:,m:n) or var = mat(n,:)
```

To delete a row;

```
mat( m , : ) = []
```

MATRIX

ADDITION/SUBTRACTION

$$a = [1 \ 2 \ 3 ; 4 \ 5 \ 6; 7 \ 8 \ 9];$$

$$b = [7 \ 5 \ 6 ; 2 \ 0 \ 8; 5 \ 7 \ 1];$$

$$c = a + b$$

$$d = a - b$$

MATRIX

MULTIPLICATION

$$a = [1 \ 2 \ 3; 2 \ 3 \ 4; 1 \ 2 \ 5]$$

$$b = [2 \ 1 \ 3; 5 \ 0 \ -2; 2 \ 3 \ -1]$$

$$\text{prod} = a * b$$

MATRIX DIVISION

$a = [1\ 2\ 3; 4\ 5\ 6; 7\ 8\ 9];$

$b = [7\ 5\ 6; 2\ 0\ 8; 5\ 7\ 1];$

$c = a / b$

MATRIX

SCALAR OPERATIONS

$a = [10 \ 12 \ 23 ; 14 \ 8 \ 6; 27 \ 8 \ 9];$

$b = 2;$

$c = a + b$

$d = a - b$

$e = a * b$

$f = a / b$

MATRIX TRANSPOSE

$$a = [10 \ 12 \ 23 ; 14 \ 8 \ 6; 27 \ 8 \ 9]$$

$$b = a'$$

MATRIX

DETERMINANT

$a = [1 \ 2 \ 3; 2 \ 3 \ 4; 1 \ 2 \ 5]$

$\det(a)$

MATRIX INVERSE

Try-1

$a = [1 \ 2 \ 3; 2 \ 3 \ 4; 1 \ 2 \ 5]$

$\text{inv}(a)$

Try-2

$a = [1 \ 2 \ 3; 2 \ 3 \ 4; 1 \ 2 \ 5]$

$b = \text{inv}(a)$

$c = a*b$

MATRIX JOINING

$a = [10 \ 12 \ 23 ; 14 \ 8 \ 6; 27 \ 8 \ 9]$

$b = [12 \ 31 \ 45 ; 8 \ 0 \ -9; 45 \ 2 \ 11]$

$c = [a, b]$

$d = [a; b]$